

Guidance for dentists qualified in the Czech Republic

Application for registration as a Dentist under Section 15(1)(b) of the Dentists Act 1984

This guidance should be read in conjunction with “Guidance Notes for EEA-qualified Dentists”.

Evidence of Primary Dental Qualification from the Czech Republic

If you have an appropriate European Diploma for the purposes of Schedule 2 of the Dentists Act 1984, you will be eligible for registration with the GDC under Section 15(1)(b) of the Dentists Act. An appropriate European Diploma is one which falls under one of the following categories A-E:

Qualifications listed in Annex V, point 5.3.2 of Directive 2005/36/EC

- A** If you have a diploma in dentistry which was granted in the Czech Republic, this will be an appropriate European diploma if you can provide evidence of the qualification listed in Annex V, point 5.3.2 of Directive 2005/36/EC¹ as follows:

Evidence of formal qualifications:	Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu zubní lékařství (doktor zubního lékařství, MDDr.)
Body awarding the evidence of Qualifications:	Lékařská fakulta university v České republice
Professional title:	Zubní lékař
Your training began on or after this date and your diploma was awarded on or after this date (reference date):	1 May 2004

You will not need to provide an EEA Compliance certificate. If your qualification is less than the 5000 hours required by the directive but was awarded before 18th January 2016 this will also be a qualification entitled to automatic recognition.

- B** However, if your diploma is listed in Annex V point 5.3.2 of the Directive but was granted **before the reference date², 1 May 2004 (or on or after that date where the training was commenced before that date)³** it is not an appropriate European diploma **unless** either

- (a) You can provide an EEA Compliance certificate from the competent authority of the Czech Republic stating that the diploma guarantees that the holder's training satisfies the requirements of article 34 of the Directive (requirements for basic dental training);
or
- (b) You can provide an EEA Compliance certificate of a competent authority of any relevant European State stating that you have effectively and lawfully practised dentistry in that State for at least three consecutive years during the five years preceding the date of issue of the certificate.

¹ Directive 2005/36/EC on the recognition of professional qualifications

² The reference date for each state is listed in Annex V, point 5.3.2

³ Diplomas listed in Annex V where training commenced before 1 May 2004

Qualifications not listed in Annex V point 5.3.2 of the Directive

- C** If you have a diploma which was granted in the Czech Republic **on or after the reference date of 1 May 2004** which is not evidence of training commenced by the holder before that date, and which is not listed in Annex V, point 5.3.2 of the Directive, this is not an appropriate European diploma unless you can produce an EEA Compliance certificate issued by a competent authority of the Czech Republic certifying that the diploma—
- (a) is evidence of training which satisfies the requirements of article 34 of the Directive; and
 - (b) Is treated by the Czech Republic as if it were a qualification listed in relation to the Czech Republic in Annex V, point 5.3.2 of the Directive.
- D** If you have a diploma granted in the Czech Republic **before 1 May 2004 (or on or after that date where training commenced before that date)** and which is not listed in Annex V, point 5.3.2 of the Directive, this is not an appropriate European diploma unless you can produce an EEA Compliance certificate as described in paragraph B(b) or paragraph C above.

Medical qualifications awarded in the Czech Republic or the former Czechoslovakia

- E** If you have a medical qualification which was awarded in the Czech Republic or the former Czechoslovakia and you began your medical training **on or before 1 May 2004** this will be an appropriate European diploma if you can provide an EEA Compliance certificate issued by the competent authority of Czech Republic certifying that you
- (a) have—
 - (i) effectively, lawfully and principally practised dentistry in the Czech Republic for at least three consecutive years during the five years preceding the date of issue of the certificate, or
 - (ii) successfully completed three years of study which are equivalent to the training referred to in article 34 of the Directive; and
 - (b) are authorised to practise dentistry under the same conditions as holders of a qualification listed in relation to the Czech Republic in Annex V, point 5.3.2 of the Directive.

My qualification is from the Czech Republic but it does not meet the requirements above for an ‘appropriate European diploma’ for the purposes of the Act. Do I have an alternative route to registration?

If you are an exempt person and you do not meet the criteria above under Section 15(1)(b), you may apply for registration under 15(1)(ba) of the Act for recognition of your qualification under the ‘general systems’.

The GDC will provide you with further guidance on this route to registration. Information on this route can also be found in the GDC’s guidance document *“Frequently Asked Questions - Application for registration as a Dentist under Section 15(1)(ba) Dentists Act 1984”*.

Certificate of Current Professional Status:

This must be issued by the Competent Dental Authority for the Czech Republic:

Ministerstvo Zdravotnictví České republiky (Ministry of Health Czech Republic) www.mzcr.cz
Stavovské Fórum Českých Zubních Lékařů (Czech Dental Chamber) www.dent.cz

EEA Compliance Certificate (if applicable):

This must be issued by the Competent Dental Authority for the Czech Republic:

Ministerstvo Zdravotnictví České republiky (Ministry of Health Czech Republic) www.mzcr.cz